**Sponsors:** Poland

Committee: Social, Cultural Humanitarian or Special political

**Topic:** "The European Migrant Crisis"

The General Assembly,

Alarmed by the recent influx of immigration into Europe,

Noting with deep concern the opportunity for persons who are unscrupulous to settle in great European countries and pollute them,

<u>Further noting</u> that this large number of migrants can make it hard to do background checks to ensure citizens are safe (not terrorists) and to process migrants to grant work visas,

<u>Drawing attention to</u> the sheer number of migrants that flooded into Germany in 2016, caused more than 60,000 deportations of the million who first came into Germany, leading to thousands of immigrants Germany did not know what to do with,

<u>Further noting</u> that this flood of immigration caused a backlog of applications, and led to Germany having to hold family reunifications due to deportations,

<u>Drawing attention to</u> the 400,000 illegal immigrants of Seine-Saint-Denis in France, with immigrants making up almost one-fifth of the population in that area in July of 2018,

<u>Drawing attention to</u> the fact that the UK has the highest number of illegal immigrants in Europe, with almost 1 million living without a permit, as found in November 2019,

<u>Further noting</u> that this meant the UK hosted ¼ of all illegal immigrants of the EU nations and the 4 European Free Trade Association Members,

<u>Declares</u> that the integrity of European nations must be put first, and that these countries have every right to,

Notes that there may be correlation between terrorism and immigration as found by NCJRS,

Emphasising that the EU has set quotas ensuring member states must take in certain numbers of migrants,

<u>Further noting</u> that in 2017 the EU attempted to sue Poland, Hungary and the Czech Republic, for not accepting the migrant quotas

1. Condemns the EU for setting quotas that force member nations to take in immigrants, as this is an infringement on the rights of a nation to choose what is best for its citizens;

- a. Further, in attempting to sue three nations for not accepting immigrants (as is their sovereign right), the EU stands behind this blatant abuse of power
- Authorizes a formation of committee of nations who wish to combat this forced intake of immigrant by the EU called the Society for the Termination of Asylum-Seeking and Migration Practices hence force to be referred to as STAMP;
  - a. This committee would allow countries who conscientiously object to the immigration quotas set by the EU,
  - b. This would allow countries to oppose EU quotas,
  - c. This would also allow global cooperation to discuss a fix for this immigration crisis, especially in regards to ways to fix the processing and application process for migrants,
    - i. This committee would not force any country to do something they don't desire; as this is the goal in opposing the EU, it would be hypocritical to force member nations to adopt the aforementioned practices.